

## Appendix A

```
/*
 * INET      An implementation of the TCP/IP protocol suite for the LINUX
 *           operating system. INET is implemented using the BSD Socket
 *           interface as the means of communication with the user level.
 *           IP/TCP/UDP checksumming routines.
 *           Code from tcp.c and ip.c.
 *           Free software; can be redistributed and/or
 *           modified under the terms of the GNU General Public License
 *           as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version
 *           2 of the License, or any later version.
 */
```

```
#include <asm/errno.h>
```

```
/*
 * computes a partial checksum, e.g. for TCP/UDP fragments
 */
```

```
/*
unsigned int csum_partial(const unsigned char * buff, int len, unsigned int sum)
*/
```

```
.text
.align 4
.globl csum_partial
```

```
/*
 * In Ethernet and SLIP connections, buff
 * is aligned on either a 2-byte or 4-byte boundary. Provides at
 * least a twofold speedup on 486 and Pentium if it is 4-byte aligned.
 * 2-byte alignment can be converted to 4-byte
 * alignment for the unrolled loop.
 */
```

```
csum_partial:
    pushl %esi
    pushl %ebx
    movl 20(%esp),%eax # Function arg: unsigned int sum
    movl 16(%esp),%ecx # Function arg: int len
    movl 12(%esp),%esi # Function arg: unsigned char *buff
    testl $2, %esi     # Check alignment.
    jz 2f              # Jump if alignment is ok.
    subl $2, %ecx       # Alignment uses up two bytes.
    jae 1f              # Jump if we had at least two bytes.
    addl $2, %ecx        # ecx was < 2. Deal with it.
```

1: jmp 4f  
movw (%esi), %bx  
addl \$2, %esi  
addw %bx, %ax  
adcl \$0, %eax

2: movl %ecx, %edx  
shrl \$5, %ecx  
jz 2f  
testl %esi, %esi

1: movl (%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 4(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 8(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 12(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 16(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 20(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 24(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
movl 28(%esi), %ebx  
adcl %ebx, %eax  
lea 32(%esi), %esi  
dec %ecx  
jne 1b  
adcl \$0, %eax

2: movl %edx, %ecx  
andl \$0x1c, %edx  
je 4f  
shrl \$2, %edx # This clears CF

3: adcl (%esi), %eax  
lea 4(%esi), %esi  
dec %edx  
jne 3b  
adcl \$0, %eax

4: andl \$3, %ecx  
jz 7f  
cmpl \$2, %ecx  
jb 5f  
movw (%esi), %cx  
leal 2(%esi), %esi  
je 6f  
shll \$16, %ecx

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```
5:    movb (%esi),%cl
6:    addl %ecx,%eax
    adcl $0, %eax
7:
    popl %ebx
    popl %esi
    ret
```

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## **Appendix B**

```
// Code to reblock data segments as packets and calculate checksums for packets
//
// copyright 1999, Quantum Corp.
// author Rodney Van Meter
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
```

```
// #include "/usr/src/linux/include/linux/linkage.h"
// #include "/usr/src/linux/include/asm-i386/checksum.h"
```

```
// below code is based on the above two files in the Linux source code
```

```
/*
 * computes the checksum of a memory block at buff, length len,
 * and adds in "sum" (32-bit)
 *
 * returns a 32-bit number suitable for feeding into itself
 * or csum_tcpudp_magic
 *
 * this function must be called with even lengths, except
 * for the last fragment, which may be odd
 *
 * preferably buff is aligned on a 32-bit boundary
 */
```

```
unsigned int csum_partial(const unsigned char * buff, int len, unsigned int sum);
```

```
/*
 * Fold a partial checksum
 */
```

```
static inline unsigned int csum_fold(unsigned int sum)
{
    __asm__(
        addl %1, %0
        adcl $0xffff, %0
        : "=r" (sum)
        : "r" (sum << 16), "0" (sum & 0xffff0000)
    );
    return (~sum) >> 16;
}
```

// end of code that is based on said two files in the Linux source code

```
#define BUFSIZE 512
#define NUMBUFS 200
#define PKTSIZE 1460
```

```
#define MIN(a,b) ((a) < (b)) ? (a) : (b)
```

```
char buffer[BUFSIZE*NUMBUFS];
```

```
// checksums contains intermediate 32-bit values that
// need to be folded together and complemented before sending in TCP
unsigned int checksums[NUMBUFS];
```

```
unsigned int Checksum(unsigned char *bufp, int len);
unsigned int ChecksumAdd(unsigned int a, unsigned int b);
unsigned int ChecksumSubtract(unsigned int a, unsigned int b);
```

```
main(int argc, char *argv[])
```

```
{
    int fd;
    int BufferEntry = 0;
    int TotalRead = 0;
    int TotalSent = 0;
    int CachedFragment = -1;
    unsigned int CachedFragmentCksum;    // always inner fragment cksum kept
    int CFSize;                          /* how much of the buffer? */
    int offset = 0;
    unsigned int ThisCksum = 0;
    unsigned int retval;
    int i;
```

```
    if ((fd = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY)) < 0) {
        perror("right up front");
        exit(-1);
    }
```

```
    // basic two-pass operation;
    // first pass is to read all of the data into memory;
    // assumes the read always returns exactly the amount requested
    while (TotalRead < BUFSIZE*NUMBUFS) {
        retval = ReadWithChecksum(fd,          // file descriptor
                                &buffer[BufferEntry*BUFSIZE], // buffer addr
                                BUFSIZE,       // size of read
                                &checksums[BufferEntry]);      // put cksum here
```

```
if (retval < 0) {
    perror("on read");
    exit(-1);
}
```

```
// add to our total
TotalRead += retval;
```

```
if (retval != BUFSIZE)
    break;
BufferEntry++;
} // end of while loop
```

```
/*
 * The following performs data reblocking and segment checksum management,
 * in addition to the arithmetic for checksum addition
 * and subtraction.
 */
```

```
// second pass; now data is transmitted onto network
// using the checksums from above
// go just to the last full packet
```

```
while (TotalSent + PKTSIZE < TotalRead) {
    // build and send a single packet
    int PktSize;
    int bufno;
    int modulo;
    unsigned int tmpcs;
    int thisfragsize;
```

```
PktSize = 0;
ThisCksum = 0;
```

```
// assumes use of the whole fragment; a packet
// is never smaller than BUFSIZE (e.g. for this code)
// and always send a full packet
```

```
while (PktSize < PKTSIZE) {
    bufno = (TotalSent + PktSize) / BUFSIZE;
    tmpcs = checksums[bufno];
    // modulo should be zero for every flag but the first
    modulo = (TotalSent + PktSize) % BUFSIZE;
    thisfragsize = MIN((PKTSIZE - PktSize), (BUFSIZE - modulo));
```

```
if (modulo == 0 &&
    thisfragsize == BUFSIZE) {
```

```
// whole (i.e. complete) data segment
ThisCksum = ChecksumAdd(ThisCksum, tmpcs);
printf("case a: whole segment checksum from hardware computed table\n");
} else {
    // only using a fragment, so calculate its cksum in software
    // and add it in, keeping the result cached in case the next
    // packet can use it
    if (CachedFragment == bufno) {
        // caching the single fragment won, now take advantage of it

        // this is equivalent to an error check
        if (CFSIZE != BUFSIZE - thisfragsize) {
            printf("Cannot use the cached fragment buf %d size %d for fragment size %d\n",
                bufno, CFSIZE, thisfragsize);
            goto mustdofrag;
        }

        // was inner trailing for prior packet, outer leading for this one
        tmpcs = ChecksumSubtract(checksums[bufno], CachedFragmentCksum);

        ThisCksum = ChecksumAdd(ThisCksum, tmpcs);
        printf("case b: using cached fragment checksum from prior packet\n");
    } else {
        mustdofrag:
        // cannot use cached checksum, so calculate checksum

        if (thisfragsize < BUFSIZE / 2) {

            // cksum this fragment
            tmpcs = Checksum(&buffer[TotalSent + PktSize], thisfragsize);
            ThisCksum = ChecksumAdd(ThisCksum, tmpcs);
            printf("case c: checksumming this fragment\n");
        } else {

            // cksum the complementary fragment
            unsigned int tmpcsfrag, actualcs;

            int offset;
            if (modulo) {
                // leading, so back up to beginning of this buffer
                offset = TotalSent - modulo;
            } else {
                // trailing, so go out to the end of the pkt
                // and run to the end of the buffer
                offset = TotalSent + PktSize + thisfragsize;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }

    tmpcsfrag = Checksum(&buffer[offset],
                        BUFSIZE - thisfragsize);

    // this converts to the inner (needed) fragment cksum
    tmpcs = ChecksumSubtract(checksums[bufno],tmpcsfrag);

    ThisCksum = ChecksumAdd(ThisCksum, tmpcs);
    printf("case d: checksumming the complementary fragment\n");
}

// now cache the inner trailing fragment checksum
CachedFragmentCksum = tmpcs;
CachedFragment = bufno;
CFSize = thisfragsize;
}
}

PktSize += thisfragsize;

} // end of while for checksum build

SendPacket(&buffer[TotalSent],PKTSIZE,ThisCksum);
TotalSent += PKTSIZE;
} // end of while full packet's worth of buffer left

// can additionally send final partial packet here;

// dump the table
for ( i = 0 ; i < NUMBUFS ; i++ ) {
    printf("%d: 0x%x\n",i,checksums[i]);
}
}

int ReadWithChecksum(int fd,          /* file descriptor */
                    char *bufp, /* buffer pointer to fill */
                    int size,      /* how many bytes should be read? */
                    int *cksump /* pointer to where to put the checksum */
                    )
{
    /* return value is the number of bytes read. Assumes read always returns
       what is requested for, unless it's the end of the file. */

    int retval;

    retval = read(fd,bufp,size);
}
```



```
*cksum = Checksum(bufp,size);
return retval;
}
```

```
unsigned int Checksum(unsigned char *bufp, int len)
{
    /* though not implemented here, a starting value can also be added */
    return csum_partial(bufp,len,0);
}
```

```
unsigned int ChecksumAdd(unsigned int a, unsigned int b)
{
    unsigned int retval;
    unsigned int carry;

    retval = a + b;
    carry = retval < a;
    retval += carry;

    return retval;
}
```

```
unsigned int ChecksumSubtract(unsigned int a, unsigned int b)
{
    // they are the same in ones-complement arithmetic
    unsigned int retval,tmp;

    retval = ChecksumAdd(a,~b);
    tmp = ChecksumAdd(retval,b);
    if (tmp != a) {
        printf("sub not sym? a: 0x%x b: 0x%x r: 0x%x r+b: 0x%x\n",
            a,b,retval,tmp);
    }
    return retval;
}
```

```
// this function prints out the 32-bit intermediate value
// calculated using the cached and logic circuit-generated checksums
// and double-checks it by recomputing the checksum on the whole packet
SendPacket(unsigned char *bufp, int len, unsigned int csum)
{
    unsigned int csum2;
    unsigned short folded,folded2;

    csum2 = Checksum(bufp,len);    /* double check */
    folded = csum_fold(csum);
    folded2 = csum_fold(csum2);
}
```

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